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ACRONYMS	DESCRIPTION
CA	Child Africa
LPO.....	Local Purchase Order
NGO.....	Non Government Organisation
NSSF.....	National Social Security Fund
PAYE.....	Pay As You Earn
SCB.....	Standard Chartered Bank
URA.....	Uganda Revenue Authority

ORGANISATION INFORMATION

NAME Child Africa
LOCATION National Office
Plot 1908/9 Mitala, Kasanga
P. O. BOX 22232, KAMPALA
Email: uganda@childafrica.org

KEY PERSONNEL

Ms Julie Solberg	- Managing Director
Mr. Wilson Wanyama	- National Programme Director
Ms Sabilla Khan Sanger	- Sponsorship Administrator
Mr. Paddy Tumwesigye	- Centre Coordinator Kabale Programme
Mr. Willy Muwanga	- Centre Coordinator, Equator Programme
Mr. Muwanika Augustine	- Head Teacher, Child Africa Kabale Junior School
Mr. Paito Ronald	- Head teacher – Equator School

BANKERS

Standard Chartered Bank
Crane Bank
Barclays Bank
Centenary Bank

AUDITORS

KAL Associates
Certified Public Accountant
Plot 61-67 JP Plaza Nkrumah Road
P .O. Box 20084
Kampala
E-Mail- kalassociates@yahoo.com, pkasango_55@yahoo.co.uk

Introduction and Background.

Child Africa is a designated non-profit child centered development organization founded and established in 1991 by Rino and Julie Solberg, who have been living and doing business in East Africa for a number of years. Since then, Child Africa has been working in Uganda helping poor, needy and disadvantaged children to access the right to quality education and care, health, protection and participation. Child Africa has helped approximately 15,000 children, their families and communities in different parts of East Africa over the years. In Uganda, projects and Child Africa schools are located in Central and Western Regions. However, other children are supported at different levels including pre-primary, primary, secondary, vocational and university in other districts around the country. While in Kenya, we have helped build and renovate schools in Kiambere and Mboti regions. With support from sponsor parents around the world, Child Africa will be able to help tens of thousands of children in the years to come.

Our Difference:

We take a personalized, child centered, community led approach to development. We are transparent, cherishing integrity and honesty, seeking long-term impact. We are a catalyst for transformation through child development not charity. We seek to create long-term impact through increasing access to quality education and development for children.

For more information about Child Africa, please visit our web site at www.childafrica.org or come to our offices on Plot 1908/9 Mitala Road, Kansanga, Kampala or Contact our Managing Director-Julie Solberg on 256 752896205/71 1896205

Our Work Approach.

Children are at the heart of everything we do. We work with children, their families, community organisations, faith based institutions and local governments to transform the lives of the children themselves and the communities that surround them

The Bingwa Magazine.

Child Africa also supports child right based programs and the fight against corruption through the production of the "Bingwa Magazine" (Champion), which is distributed FREE to over 5000 schools in East Africa each getting 5 copies per term, and introduces to young children the spirit and culture of **honesty and integrity** that will strengthen the fight of corruption against upcoming leaders, which further underpins the organization's vision and mission.

Organization's Strategic Statements.

Vision:

To help millions of children get quality education and teach Honesty and Integrity as a tool to fight poverty and corruption.

Mission:

To guide, encourage and inspire the children of Africa to be champions of integrity in order to eradicate corruption by:

- incorporating up to 20% deaf children into every school we build in Africa and to teach the other 80% of the student's sign language, in order to get 100% communication between the deaf and the hearing children.
- teaching **HONESTY AND INTEGRITY** as a formal subject in all our schools as a tool to fight poverty and corruption and expect to be one of the leading schools in academic standards in all the countries where we are established.
- developing a reading culture in children by publishing a children magazine "**BINGWA**" for free distribution of 10 copies to each schools every term.
- building and running the following types of educational institutions in Africa:

Nursery schools

Primary schools

Secondary schools

Vocational Schools

Universities

- enabling deprived children, their families and their communities to meet their basic needs and to increase their ability to participate in and benefit from their societies
- promoting the rights and interests of the world's children.
- being the best children's organization in communication between children and their sponsors.
- letting the monies given from sponsors to children go only to children related work and not to administration of Child Africa in general.
- covering all administrative costs from other sources than what is given from sponsors to children.
- trying to find the children that need help the most.
- apart from top management, we will only use local workers for our projects in each country.
- building and running our own schools in the countries we work.
- working together with the government in each country we are in.
- following up our children and give them special training after school.
- teaching our children how to be self-sufficient in their life.
- trying to maximize the effect of our help programs.

Organisation's Strategic Objectives.

- a. Providing education and development for needy children and orphans.
- b. Providing welfare and opportunities for the needy children and orphans.
- c. Linking sponsors to children through the website.
- d. Building and managing child centers and schools for our children
- e. Supporting other organizations of similar nature
- f. Development and Publishing of educational materials
- g. Strengthening health of the children, their families and the communities
- h. Empowering people living in poverty
- i. Protecting the environment in which the children grow
- j. Enhancing the protection and participation of children in all matters which affect them
- K. To equip less privileged children with life and leadership skills to enable them live healthier, productive and responsible lives.
- L. To create opportunities for less privileged children to access self or gainful employment.

Our core values:

- Honesty and integrity.
- Hard work, going the extra mile.
- Respect for diversity.
- Fairness, Equity and Justice
- Solidarity with the poor.
- Respect for the rights of children
- Team Work.

ACTIVITIES

Child Africa undertakes Child Sponsorship as the Core Activity of the organization; supporting children right from pre-school through primary, secondary, vocational and up to University level. The organisation believes education provides knowledge and skills for development and growth of an individual and that a well-educated population lives in social harmony.

The table below shows the children who were sponsored in the various categories;

Kampala	Equator	Kabale
21 primary	87 primary	225 primary
7 secondary	19 secondary	136 secondary
4 university	3 University	11 University

The major activities included among others:-

- Providing education and development for orphans and other needy children
- Providing welfare and opportunities for the children
- Linking sponsors to children
- Building and managing child centers and schools for children
- Cooperate with other organizations of similar nature
- Development and Publishing of Educational materials (Bingwa magazines, corruption flyers etc...)

STATEMENT OF THE PROJECT MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Companies Act 2012 and NGO regulations requires management to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the project at the end of each financial year and of the operating results for that year. In respect of those financial statements, the Board is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with accounting policies and guidelines of the company. They are also responsible for the safeguarding of the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are ultimately responsible for the internal controls. The Trustees delegate the responsibility for the internal controls to management. Standards and systems of internal control are designed and implemented by management to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the financial statements and to adequately safeguard, verify and maintain accountability of the company's assets.

To accept responsibility for the annual financial statements, which have been prepared using the appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgments and estimates, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards and in the manner required by the Companies Act.

The Trustees are of the opinion that the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the state of financial affairs of the Company and of its operating results. The Trustees further accept responsibility for the maintenance of accounting records, which may be relied upon in the preparation of the financial statements, as well as adequate systems of internal financial control.

Nothing has come to the attention of the Trustees to indicate that the organization will not remain a going concern for at least the next twelve months from the date of this statement.

Signed:
Managing Director

.....

National Program Director



A. Objective of the Audit

- The objective of the audit of the financial statements is to enable the auditor to express a professional opinion on the financial position of **CHILD AFRICA** at the end of each year and on funds received and expenditures incurred for the relevant accounting period.
- The books of account provide the basis for preparation of the financial statements by **CHILD AFRICA** and are established to reflect the financial transactions in respect of the organization. Management maintains adequate internal controls and supporting documentation for transactions.

B. Preparation of Annual Financial Statements

- The responsibility for the preparation of financial statements including adequate disclosure is that of the management of **CHILD AFRICA**. Management is also responsible for the selection and application of accounting policies and prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and Non-Government Organization Board (NGO) Act, regulations and guidelines.
- The auditor is responsible for forming and expressing opinions on the financial statements. The auditor would carry out the audit of the project in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing (ISA), as promulgated by the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) and ISSAIs (International Standards of Supreme Audit institutions) issued by INTOSAI. As part of the audit process, the auditor may request from the management of **CHILD AFRICA** a written confirmation concerning representations made in connection with the audit.

Audit Scope

These terms of reference address audit requirement for the audit of financial statements of **CHILD AFRICA** covering period 1ST January to 31ST December 2014.

The audits should be carried out in accordance with International Standards of Auditing (ISA), ISSAIs (International Standards of Supreme Audit institutions) issued by INTOSAI and International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS). In complying with International Standards on Auditing, the auditor is expected to pay particular attention to the following matters:

a) Fraud and Corruption:

Consider the risks of material misstatements in the financial statements due to fraud as required by ISA 240: The Auditor's Responsibility to Consider Fraud in an Audit of Financial Statements. The auditor is required to identify and assess these risks (of material misstatement of the financial statements) due to fraud, obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the assessed risks; and respond appropriately to identified or suspected fraud;

b) Laws and Regulations:

In designing and performing audit procedures, evaluating and reporting the results, consider that noncompliance by the management of Child Africa with Non-Governmental Organization's Board (NGO) laws and regulations may materially affect the financial statements as required by ISA 250: Consideration of Laws and Regulations in an Audit of Financial Statements;

c) Governance:

Communicate audit matters of governance interest arising from the audit of financial statements with those charged with governance of an entity as required by International Standards on Auditing 260: Communication of Audit Matters with those Charged with Governance;

d) Risks:

In order to reduce audit risk to an acceptable low level, determine the overall responses to assessed risks at the financial statement level, and design and perform further audit procedures to respond to assessed risks at the assertion level as required by International Standard on Auditing 330: the Auditor's Procedures in Response to Assessed Risks.

e) Access to Facilities and Documents

The auditor will have full and complete access at any time to all records and documents including books of account, legal agreements, minutes of board meetings, bank records, invoices and contracts etc.



REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO BOARD OF TRUSTEES OF CHILD AFRICA FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

We have audited the Financial Statements of **CHILD AFRICA**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st December 2014, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of fund balances for the year then ended, and the related notes.

Responsibilities of the Management

The Management is responsible for the preparation and the fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and the other relevant laws of Uganda.

This responsibility includes maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies that are consistent with International Financial Reporting Standards, and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Responsibilities of the Independent Auditors

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements are free from material misstatements.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. The procedures selected depend on the Auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatements of the Financial Statements, whether due to Fraud or Error. In making those risk assessments, the Auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's presentation and fair presentation of the Financial Statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.

An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial Statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, based on the work performed, the Financial Statements give a true and fair view of the Project's financial position as at 31st December 2014 and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and International Financial reporting Standards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

As required by the Ugandan Companies Act 2012 and NGO Board we report that:

- i. We have obtained all information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of the audit.
- ii. The Organisation's Statement of Financial Position and the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement are in agreement with the books of account.
- iii. In our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the company, so far as appears from our examination of those books.



KAL Associates
Certified Public Accountants
Kampala

CHILD AFRICA**STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014**

	NOTE	2014 U.SHS	2013 U.SHS
Donor Funds	6A	1,537,628,358	1,624,645,137
Other funds	6B	82,623,649	59,326,528
		1,620,252,007	1,683,971,665
Project Expenditures			
Administration expenses	6C	112,013,002	93,715,667
Children expenses	6D	951,882,057	743,204,430
General expenses	6E	230,652,907	131,727,710
Professional fees	6F	6,805,000	5,400,000
Transport and travel	6G	63,062,125	72,044,252
Total project's expenditure before depreciation		1,364,415,091	1,046,092,059
Surplus before depreciation		255,836,917	637,879,606
Depreciation charges		30,921,846	28,292,622
Surplus after depreciation		224,915,070	609,586,984

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2014

		2014	2013
	Note	U.SHS	U.SHS
ASSETS			
Fixed Assets			
Property and Equipment	2	1,724,370,167	899,029,538
Work in progress		-	30,500,000
		1,724,370,167	929,529,538
Current Assets			
Receivables	3	4,600,000	3,619,000
Cash and Bank Balances	4	157,645,471	560,845,080
		162,245,471	564,464,080
Total Assets		1,886,615,638	1,493,993,618
Reserves and Liabilities			
Accumulated fund		1,718,908,688	1,493,993,618
		1,718,908,688	1,493,993,618
Current Liabilities	5	167,706,949	-
Total Reserves and Liabilities		1,886,615,637	1,493,993,618

CHILD AFRICA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY AS 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	2014	2013
	UGX	UGX
Accumulated Reserves B/f	1,493,993,618	884,406,634
Add: Surplus/ Defecit for the year	224,915,070	609,586,984
Accumulated Reserves C/f	<u>1,718,908,688</u>	<u>1,493,993,618</u>

FUNDS ACCOUNTABILITY STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

	NOTE	2014 U.SHS	2013 U.SHS
FUNDS:			
Cash and Bank Balance B/F		560,845,080	61,468,566
Add funding during the year			
Donor Funds	6A	1,537,628,358	1,624,645,137
Other funds	6B	82,623,649	59,326,528
Total funds available		2,181,097,087	1,745,440,231
Payments During the Year			
Administration expenses	6C	112,013,002	93,715,667
Children expenses	6D	951,882,057	743,204,430
General expenses	6E	230,652,907	131,727,710
Professional fees	6F	6,805,000	5,400,000
Transport and travel	6G	63,062,125	72,044,252
Asset Acquisition	2	856,262,475	154,493,000
Increase in receivables		--	--
Increase in Payables		(167,706,949)	4,247,250
Work in progress		(30,500,000)	-
		2,023,451,617	1,184,595,151
Excess funds not utilised		157,645,471	560,845,080
Presented by:			
Cash and Bank Balances	4	157,645,471	560,845,080

NOTES: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014**General Information**

Child Africa is a Non Government Organisation (NGO) which was registered and incorporated in Uganda in 2004 as per the registration certificate No. S.5914/3841 dedicated to helping disadvantaged children to acquire quality formal education and care. The Organisation also supports children with basic needs such as food, clothing, health, psychosocial support among others. It is domiciled in Uganda, The address of its registered office and principal place of business is Plot 1908/9 Mitala, Kansanga- Kampala.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are presented in Uganda Shillings. The measurement basis used is the historical cost basis.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) require the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are disclosed in note 3(b).

Summary of significant accounting policies**a) Revenue recognition**

Donor funds are recognized in the period in which the organization receives funds from donor agencies for the implementation of agreed upon programme activities.

Also recognizes other revenues when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and when the specific criteria have been met for each of the Organization's activities. The amount of revenue is not reliably measured until all contingencies relating to the sale have been resolved. The organisation bases its estimates on historical results, taking into consideration the type of customer, type of transaction and specifics of each arrangement.

Significant judgments made by management in applying the company's accounting policies

Impairment of trade receivables; the company reviews its portfolio of trade receivables on an annual basis. In determining whether receivables are impaired, the management makes judgment as to whether there is any evidence indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimate future cash flows expected.

Borrowing

Borrowings are initially recognised at transaction price, net of transaction costs incurred and are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised as interest expense in the profit or loss under finance costs.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the organization has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at the transaction price. Most sales are made on the basis of normal credit terms, and the receivables do not bear interest. Where credit is extended beyond normal credit terms, receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. At the end of each reporting period, the carrying amounts of trade and other receivables are reviewed to determine whether there is any objective evidence that the amounts are not recoverable. If so, an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies during the year are converted into Uganda Shillings (the functional currency), at the rates ruling at the transaction dates. Assets and liabilities at the reporting date which are expressed in foreign currencies are translated into Uganda Shillings at the rates ruling at that date. The resulting differences from conversion and translation are dealt with in the profit or loss in the year in which they arise.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the first-in-first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of finished goods and work-in-progress comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity), but excludes borrowing costs. Net realizable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the costs of completion and selling expenses.

Property and Equipment

All property, plant and equipment comprising of motor vehicles, furniture and fittings, computers, faxes and copiers are initially recorded at cost and thereafter stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost comprises expenditure initially incurred to bring the asset to its location and condition ready for its intended use.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost can be reliably measured. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial year in which they are incurred.

Depreciation on equipment is calculated on reducing balance basis to write down the cost of each asset, to its residual value over its estimated useful life using the following annual rates:

	<u>Rate %</u>
Motor vehicle	20
Furniture and fittings	12.5
Computer equipment	20
School equipment	12.5
Land & Buildings	NIL

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposal of property and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are taken into account in determining operating profit/loss.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and financial assets with maturities of less than 12 months, net of bank overdrafts and money market lines.

In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are included within borrowings in current liabilities.

Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income and equity.

Current tax

Current tax is provided on the results for the year, adjusted in accordance with tax legislation.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method for all temporary timing differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying values for financial reporting purposes. Currently enacted tax rates are used to determine deferred tax. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary timing differences can be utilised.

Retirement benefit obligations

The Organisation and its employees contribute to the National Social Security Fund (NSSF) a statutory defined contribution scheme registered under NSSF Act. The company's contributions to the defined contribution scheme are charged to profit or loss in the year to which they relate.

Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations on the basis of normal credit terms and do not bear interest. Interest bearing liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Comparatives

Where necessary, comparatives figures have been adjusted to conform to changes in the presentation in the current year.

CHILD AFRICA**NOTE 2: SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014**

	School Buildings & Land Ushs	Motor Vehicles Ushs	Computer Equipment Ushs	School Assets Ushs	Office Equipment Ushs	Furniture & Fittings Ushs	Total Ushs
Depreciation Rate		20%	20%	12.50%	12.50%	12.50%	
Cost or valuation							
At 1 January 2014	763,655,100	142,890,270	48,353,005	21,789,280	49,709,072	21,577,376	1,047,974,103
Additions	844,810,475	20,165,000	13,017,000	6,200,000	1,750,000	820,000	886,762,475
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2014	1,577,965,575	163,055,270	61,370,005	27,989,280	51,459,072	22,397,376	1,904,236,578
Accumulated depreciation							
At 1 January 2014	-	84,149,765	23,528,291	10,400,425	20,430,191	10,435,893	148,944,565
Charge for the year	-	15,781,101	7,568,343	2,198,607	3,878,610	1,495,185	30,921,846
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 December 2014	-	99,930,866	31,096,634	12,599,032	24,308,801	11,931,078	179,866,411
Net Book Value At 31 December 2014	1,577,965,575	63,124,404	30,273,371	15,390,248	27,150,271	10,466,298	1,724,370,167
At 31 December 2013	763,655,100	58,740,505	24,824,714	11,388,855	29,278,881	11,141,483	899,029,538

CHILD AFRICA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

NOTE 3	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	UGX 2014	UGX 2013
	Child Africa Media	-	
	Loans & Advance	-	1,939,000
	Salary advance	650,000	-
	Staff Loans	3,950,000	1,680,000
	TOTAL	4,600,000	3,619,000
NOTE 4	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	2014 UGX	2013 UGX
	Barclays - Equator	-	4,496,524
	Centenary Bank - Equator	16,001,090	-
	Centenary Bank - Kabale	92,895	101,590
	Crane Bank Kabale - School	1,403,073	2,092,277
	Crane bank USHS -Kampala	35,612,693	83,173,235
	Crane bank - EURO	32,560,737	383,446,980
	SCB Accounts Bank - \$	12,550,543	13,243,076
	SCB Accounts Bank EURO	15,131,981	35,032,320
	SCB Accounts Bank SHS	32,831,259	28,839,078
	SCB Accounts Bank Project USHS	10,420,000	10,420,000
	Cash Imprest	1,041,200	-
	TOTAL	157,645,471	560,845,080

NOTE 5 Current Liabilities

	2014
Accounts Payable	1,820,200
short term loan	3,747,250
Accrued Payments: materials	48,904,000
Accrued Payments:NSSF Accrued	62,859,356
Accrued Payments:PAYE Accrued	39,276,143
Accrued Payments:Rent Accrued	11,100,000
	<u>167,706,949</u>

**NOTE 6 SCHEDULES TO THE STATEMENT OF INCOME AND EXPENDITURE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014**

		2014	2013
	NOTE	UGX	UGX
A	Donor Funds		
	Sponsor fund	560,207,233	601,966,796
	Project fund	961,538,545	1,021,976,536
	Other Incomes	15,882,580	701,805
		1,537,628,358	1,624,645,137
B	Other Funds		
	Fees from community children	81,803,640	58,670,075
	Interest received	819,709	-
	Foreign exchange gain/(loss)	300	656,453
		82,623,649	59,326,528
		2014	2013
		UGX	UGX
C	Administrative Expenses		
	Internet	9,418,000	9,974,000
	Telephone & Postage	8,300,010	7,586,927
	News Papers	1,399,000	1,171,500
	Rent:Head Office	59,475,000	45,818,400
	Security	1,673,200	2,050,000
	Staff Meals	6,204,600	6,175,000
	Licence and subscriptions	-	382,000
	Water	3,539,782	2,192,525
	Electricity	5,325,371	6,485,406
	Workshop & Training	3,175,000	2,324,500
	Bank Charges	5,110,939	3,975,409
	Statutory taxes-NSSF fees		5,580,000
	Computer expenses & Accessories	3,713,000	-
	Salaries	-	-
	Office supplies	2,779,100	
	Other Administrative expenses	1,900,000	-
		112,013,002	93,715,667

D Children Expenses

Rent:Dormitories	4,800,000	2,400,000
Rent:School	18,000,000	19,200,000
Rent:Teachers	11,180,000	12,920,000
Rent; Centres	22,200,000	
Salaries - Centre salaries	350,516,435	232,581,386
Salaries:Non Teaching Staff	-	15,794,000
Salaries:Teaching Staff	-	131,375,924
Bingwa Magazine	9,489,600	1,370,000
Clothes & Uniforms	13,843,400	2,097,000
Co-curricular activities	8,317,350	43,000
Exams & Report Cards	2,518,000	568,500
Food Supplies	72,099,940	52,903,500
Gifts & Presents	47,436,370	31,485,270
IT & Photography	1,665,000	7,905,000
Play park expenses	8,500,000	-
Medical Care	1,096,100	353,000
Scholastic Materials	3,666,000	2,279,000
School Fees support from CA Schools	6,389,000	23,511,700
School Fees:Other Schools	190,973,073	149,400,000
Study Trips	3,200,000	350,000
Text books	1,400,000	542,400
Office running expenses:Schools	53,810,795	53,594,750
Professional fees - Land expenses- Architectural work	1,600,000	2,530,000
Children's Projects	5,759,250	-
Other children expenses	113,421,744	-
	951,882,057	743,204,430

	2014	2013
E	UGX	UGX
General Expenses		
Garbage Collection	270,000	390,000
Bad debts	3,478,357	-
Guest visit-Accomodation & Meals	11,409,100	748,000
Guests Visit - Entertainment and tours	7,818,000	7,851,000
Lighting & Fixtures	53,500	-
Office Running Expenses	1,002,900	-
Office Running Expenses:Centres	-	65,374,650
Printing & Stationery	8,046,157	1,937,000
Repairs, Maintenance and Carpentry	9,423,000	49,869,660
Staff Welfare	1,160,000	3,047,400
Meetings	280,000	-
Advert & Publicity	3,625,000	2,510,000
Statutory taxes	210,000	-
Statutory taxes: NSSF	62,859,356	-
Statutory taxes PAYE	39,276,143	-
Miscellaneous Expenses	1,978,000	-
General Expense (Prior year)	79,763,394	-
SUBTOTAL	230,652,907	131,727,710
F		
Professional Fees		
Audit Fee	3,000,000	3,050,000
Legal Fees	3,805,000	2,350,000
SUBTOTAL	6,805,000	5,400,000

CHILD AFRICA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2014

G Transport and Travel		
Fuel	19,292,000	23,802,000
Hire and Tour	-	653,000
Insurance & Parking	8,118,000	10,432,589
Service/Repair	11,986,000	19,568,600
Taxi & Boda	7,813,500	5,923,400
Tickets & Visas	6,075,625	5,126,663
Travel Allowance	9,777,000	6,538,000
	63,062,125	72,044,252
TOTAL EXPENSES	1,364,415,091	1,046,092,059